AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for lubricating a two-stroke internal combustion engine containing a power valve, comprising:
- (I) mixing a lubricant composition with a fuel composition wherein the weight ratio of the fuel to the lubricant composition in the mixture is 25-100:1; and
- (II) supplying said mixture to a two-stroke internal combustion engine containing a power valve;

wherein the lubricant composition comprises:

- (A) an oil of lubricating viscosity;
- (B) an additive composition comprising
- (1) a reaction product of a fatty hydrocarbyl-substituted monocarboxylic acylating agent and a polyamine, an alkanolamine, a thiol-containing amine, or a mixture thereof-wherein the reaction product comprises a heterocyclic reaction product; and
- (2) a member selected from the group consisting of (a) a hydrocarbyl- substituted aminophenol; (b) a Mannich reaction product of a hydrocarbyl-substituted phenol, an aldehyde, and an amine; and a mixture thereof; and
- (3) a friction modifier component comprising glycerol monooleate or a mixture of glycerol monooleate and glycerol dioleate friction modifiers; and
- (C) a normally liquid solvent having a kinematic viscosity of less than 5 cSt at 100° C wherein the lubricant composition improves the cleanliness of the power valve of said engine, wherein the solvent is present from 1 to 50 percent by weight of the lubricant and has an ASTM D-93 flashpoint and ASTM D-86 distillation characteristics rendering it combustible;

wherein the amount of component (B)(1) present in the <u>lubricant</u> composition is 1.6 to 3.4 weight percent, and the combined amount of components (B)(1) and (B)(2) present in the <u>lubricant</u> composition is from 5.5 to 15 weight percent; and <u>the amount of component (B)(3) present in the lubricant composition is 0.1 ppm to 25 weight percent; and</u>

wherein the fuel comprises a petroleum distillate fuel, an oxygenate, or a mixture thereof.

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2. (Cancelled)

3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the nitrogen-containing compound of the (B)(1) reaction product is a polyamine.

4. (Cancelled)

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the oil of lubricating viscosity is a natural oil, a synthetic oil, or a mixture thereof.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the oil of lubricating viscosity is present in the lubricant composition at 30 to 95% by weight.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the monocarboxylic acylating agent of (B)(1) is a C_4 to C_{22} fatty carboxylic acid and the polyamine of (B)(1) is an alkylenediamine or a polyalkylenepolyamine.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the fatty carboxylic acid is isostearic acid and the polyamine is a polyethylenepolyamine.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the Mannich reaction product (B)(2)[[(b)]] is prepared from an alkylphenol derived from a polyisobutylene, formaldehyde, and an amine that is a primary monoamine, a secondary monoamine, or an alkylenediamine.

11. (Cancelled)

12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the solvent is a hydrocarbon, an oxygen-containing composition, a mineral oil, an olefin oligomer, or a mixture thereof.

- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the additive composition (B) further comprises [[(3)]] one or more additional additives.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of elaim 13 claim 1 wherein the additive composition (B) further comprises one ore more additional additives selected from the list consisting of an antioxidant, a pour point depressant, or a mixture thereof.
- 15. (Cancelled)
- 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Cancelled)